

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Management Committee

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman

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We have audited the annexed financial statements of *Punjab Pension Fund* ("the Fund") which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at **June 30**, 2020, and the income statement, statement of comprehensive income, statement of movement in accumulated pension fund, statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund **June 30, 2020,** and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as applicable in Pakistan.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

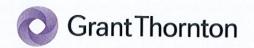
Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management Committee is responsible for the other information. Other information comprises the information included in the Annual report for the year ended 30 June, 2020, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Annual Report of 2020 is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

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When we read Annual Report of 2020, if we conclude that there is material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to the Management Committee

Responsibilities of Management and Management Committee for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

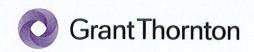
Management Committee is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.



• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Management Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) financial statements of the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2020 have been prepared in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Punjab Pension Fund Act 2007 and the Punjab Pension Fund Rules 2007;
- b) proper books of account as required by the Punjab Pension Fund Act 2007 and the Punjab Pension Fund Rules 2007 have been kept by the fund; and
- c) expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Fund's business.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Imran Afzal.

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Chartered Accountants

Lahore

Dated: December 05, 2022

Punjab Pension Fund Statement of Assets and Liabilities As at 30 June 2020

			30 June 2020		30 June 2019
		Punjab Pension Fund Trust	Punjab Pension Fund - Expense Account	Punjab Pension Fund - Total	Punjab Pension Fund - Total
	Note		Rupe	es	
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	5	397,175,300	102,935,154	500,110,454	19,746,363,619
Investments	6	73,086,094,758		73,086,094,758	37,742,224,558
Accrued interest	7	1,400,340,599		1,400,340,599	1,776,331,351
Deposits, prepayments & other receivables	8	100,000	5,771,279	5,871,279	5,831,449
Operating fixed assets	9	-	3,843,405	3,843,405	4,531,694
Total assets		74,883,710,657	112,549,838	74,996,260,495	59,275,282,671
LIABILITIES					
Trustee fee payable		2,116,243		2,116,243	898,166
Accrued expenses	10	in a second in the second in t	4,703,636	4,703,636	1,792,812
Total liabilities		2,116,243	4,703,636	6,819,879	2,690,978
Contingencies and commitments	11	•	<u>.</u>		¥
Net assets		74,881,594,414	107,846,202	74,989,440,616	59,272,591,693
Represented by:					
Accumulated Pension Fund		74,881,594,414	107,846,202	74,989,440,616	59,272,591,693

The annexed notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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General Manager

Private Member

Chairman

Punjab Pension Fund Income Statement For the year ended 30 June 2020

			30 June 2020		30 June 2019
		Punjab Pension Fund Trust	Punjab Pension Fund - Expense Account	Punjab Pension Fund - Total	Punjab Pension Fund - Total
	Note		Rup	ees	
<u>Income</u>					
Interest income from:		en markingresterni bisymita	Mysdrenii iliyah ve vei		
- National Savings Account and Certificates		4,231,713,124		4,231,713,124	734,379,674
- Pakistan Investment Bonds		1,238,464,227		1,238,464,227	2,174,165,708
- Term Deposit Receipts		1,227,910,316	-	1,227,910,316	1,216,076,950
- Term Finance Certificates		129,962,553	district terms	129,962,553	85,414,950
- Bank deposits		591,120,098	9,349,185	600,469,283	866,506,187
- Market Treasury Bills		364,704,455		364,704,455	207,675,199
		7,783,874,773	9,349,185	7,793,223,958	5,284,218,668
'Realized gain / loss on fair					
value through OCI		960,462,467		960,462,467	(4,607,388)
Unrealised gain / loss on re-measurement of investr	ments at				
"fair value through profit or loss" - net		105,054,350	•	105,054,350	(941,106,216)
Other Income		-	15,132	15,132	1,431
Total income		8,849,391,590	9,364,317	8,858,755,907	4,338,506,495
Expenditure					
Operating expenses	12	-	51,402,092	51,402,092	41,521,898
Trustee remuneration and safe custody charges		11,923,699	-	11,923,699	10,577,099
Auditor's remuneration	13	-	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,100,000
egal and other professional charges		217,765	2,950,000	3,167,765	37,088
Bank charges		39,528	8,352	47,880	61,690
Total expenditure		12,180,992	55,460,444	67,641,436	53,297,775
ncome / (expense) for the year		8,837,210,598	(46,096,127)	8,791,114,471	4,285,208,720
neome / (expense) for the jew					
Budgetary (payments) / receipts for the year		(52,082,999)	52,082,999	-	-

The annexed notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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General Manager

Private Member

Chairman

Punjab Pension Fund Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended 30 June 2020

			30 June 2020		30 June 2019
		Punjab Pension Fund Trust	Punjab Pension Fund - Expense Account	Punjab Pension Fund - Total	Punjab Pension Fund - Total
	Note		Rup	oees	
Net income for the year		8,785,127,599	5,986,872	8,791,114,471	4,285,208,720
Other comprehensive income					
Items that are to be classified subsequently to income statement:					
Investments classified at fair value through OCI - unrealised appreciation / (diminution) on	! :				
remeasurement - net	6.2	1,925,734,454		1,925,734,454	(3,541,220,985)
Total comprehensive income for the year		10,710,862,053	5,986,872	10,716,848,925	743,987,735

The annexed notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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General Manager

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Punjab Pension Fund

Statement of Movement in Accumulated Pension Fund

For the year ended 30 June 2020

		30 June 2020		30 June 2019
	Punjab Pension Fund Trust	Punjab Pension Fund - Expense Account	Punjab Pension Fund - Total	Punjab Pension Fund - Total
		Rup	ees	
Balance at the beginning of the year	59,170,732,361	101,859,330	59,272,591,691	53,195,271,958
Amount contributed by the Government (through the Reserve Pension Fund)	5,000,000,000	-	5,000,000,000	5,333,332,000
Total comprehensive income for the year				
Net income for the year	8,785,127,599	5,986,872	8,791,114,471	4,285,208,720
Other comprehensive income for the year - unrealized appreciation / (diminution) on remeasurement - net	1,925,734,454	_	1,925,734,454	(3,541,220,985)
	10,710,862,053	5,986,872	10,716,848,925	743,987,735

The annexed notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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		30 June 2020		30 June 2019
	Punjab Pension Fund Trust	Punjab Pension Fund - Expense Account	Punjab Pension Fund - Total	Punjab Pension Fund - Total
Cash flow from operating activities	ote	Rup	ees	
Income / (expense) for the year	8,837,210,598	(46,096,127)	8,791,114,471	4,285,208,720
Adjustments for non cash items:				
Amortization of discount income	(50,286,570)		(50,286,570)	(60,908,974
Unrealised (appreciation) / diminution on remeasurement of investments at				
"fair value through profit or loss" - net	(105,054,351)		(105,054,351)	941,106,216
Depreciation on operating fixed assets	-	1,509,666	1,509,666	1,544,254
	(155,340,921)	1,509,666	(153,831,255)	881,741,496
Operating profit / (loss) before changes in working capital	8,681,869,677	(44,586,461)	8,637,283,216	5,166,950,216
Changes in working capital				
(Increase) / decrease in assets:				
Investments - net	(33,262,794,825)	•	(33,262,794,825)	(7,043,957,465
Accrued interest	375,187,093	803,657	375,990,750	(1,056,481,552
Deposits, prepayments & other receivables	-	(39,830)	(39,830)	(4,742,027
	(32,887,607,732)	763,827	(32,886,843,905)	(8,105,181,044
(Decrease) / increase in liabilities:				
Trustee fee payable	1,218,077	-	1,218,077	(805,442
Accrued expenses		2,910,824	2,910,824	915,491
	1,218,077	2,910,824	4,128,901	110,049
Budgetary (payments) / receipts for the year	(52,082,999)	52,082,999	•	-
Net cash (used in) / generated from operations	(24,256,602,977)	11,171,189	(24,245,431,788)	(2,938,120,779)
Cash flow from investing activities				
Fixed Assets purchased during the year	_	(821,377)	(821,377)	(4,351,606)
Net cash used in investing activities	•	(821,377)	(821,377)	(4,351,606)
Cash flow from financing activities				
Amount contributed by the Government (through				
the Reserve Pension Fund)	5,000,000,000	-	5,000,000,000	5,333,332,000
Cash from financing activities	5,000,000,000	•	5,000,000,000	5,333,332,000
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents				
during the year	(19,256,602,977)	10,349,812	(19,246,253,165)	2,390,859,615
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	19,653,778,277	92,585,342	19,746,363,619	17,355,504,004
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year 5	397,175,300	102,935,154	500,110,454	19,746,363,619

The annexed notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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General Manager

Private Member

Chairman

For the year ended 30 June 2020

1 Reporting entity

1.1 The Punjab Pension Fund ("the Fund") has been established under the Punjab Pension Fund Act 2007 ("the Act") to generate revenue for the discharge of pension liabilities of the Government of Punjab. The Fund is a body corporate with perpetual succession. The Fund shall perform such functions and exercise such powers as are vested in it under the Act and the Punjab Pension Fund Rules 2007 ("the Rules"). The management and administration of the Fund vests in the Management Committee notified under section 5 of the Act. The Fund is responsible for investing the funds in profitable avenues to generate revenue. Currently, the Fund has invested in a diversified portfolio of government securities, national saving scheme, term deposit receipts, debt securities and bank deposits.

The Punjab Pension Fund Trust ("the Trust") has been established under the Punjab Pension Fund Act 2007 ("the Act") and given the status of Trust under a trust deed executed on 27 September 2011 between Punjab Pension Fund ("the Fund") and Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited ("the Trustee"). The Fund, through the Management Committee and the Trustee, have created the Trust for the benefit of the Reserve Pension Fund created under Section 3 of the Act. The Trust shall be of a perpetual nature and shall continue until the Trust is dissolved upon receipt of directions from the Government of Punjab. The Fund shall manage, operate and administer the Trust and the Trustee will act as the custodian of the assets of the Fund.

Expenses incurred on operations of the Fund, including expenses relating to functioning of the Management Committee, are paid out of the trust property in the form of annual / supplementary budgets approved by the Management Committee. Budgetary amounts are transferred to separate Punjab Pension Fund - Expense Account ("the Expense") established by the Fund under the Rules, for incurring operational expenses of the Fund other than related to investments.

2 Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Punjab Pension Fund Act 2007, Punjab Pension Fund Rules 2007 and in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting;
 Standards Board ("IASB") as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and

Where provisions of the Punjab Pension Fund Act 2007, Punjab Pension Fund Rules, 2007 or the directives issued by the Government of Punjab differ with the requirements of accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, the requirements of the Punjab Pension Fund Act 2007, Punjab Pension Fund Rules 2007 and the requirements of the said directives shall prevail.

2.1 Standards, amendments or interpretation that became effective during the year

There are certain new standards, interpretations and amendments to approved accounting standards which are mandatory for the Company's / Fund's accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2019 but are considered not to be relevant or have any significant effect.

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For the year ended 30 June 2020

2.2 Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Fund

There are certain standards, amendments to the IFRS and interpretations that are mandatory for companies / Funds having accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2020. Other standards and amendments are not considered to be relevant or have significant impact.

3 Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for certain investments which are carried at fair value and amortized cost in accordance with the requirements of IFRS 9: 'Financial Instruments'.

In these financial statements, except for the amounts reflected in the cash flow statement, all transactions have been accounted for on accrual basis.

3.1 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees ("Rs."), which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

3.2 Use of judgments and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities and income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions and judgments are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which forms the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The area where various assumptions and estimates are significant to Fund's financial statements or where judgments were exercised in application of accounting policies principally related to:

		Note
_	useful life of depreciable assets	4.1
	classification, valuation and impairment if any, of investments	4.2
- (- -	provisions and contingencies	4.7

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For the year ended 30 June 2020

4 Summary of significant accounting policies

4.1 Operating fixed assets and depreciation

Owned assets

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation less accumulated impairment (if any). Depreciation is charged to income statement by applying the straight line method so as to write off the operating fixed assets over their expected useful life at the rates given in note 9. Depreciation is charged from the month of acquisition while no depreciation is charged in the month of disposal of asset. Normal repairs and maintenance are charged to income as and when incurred.

Donated assets

Non - monetary assets received under Decentralization Support Program from Government of Punjab are being recorded at nominal value.

Profit/loss on disposal of the fixed assets represented by difference between sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets is included in income statement.

4.2 Investments

The Fund classifies its investments as fair value through profit or loss, fair value through OCI and amortized cost.

4.2.1 Trade Date accounting

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade date - the date on which fund commits to sell or purchase an asset.

4.2.2 Initial Measurement

All investments are initially recognized at cost being the fair value of the consideration given including acquisition cost, except in case of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, in which case the transaction costs are taken directly to the income statement in the period in which they arise.

4.2.3 Subsequent measurement

Financial assets at amortized cost

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flow represents solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. Interest income from these financial assets, impairment losses, foreign exchange gains and losses, and gain or loss arising on derecognition are recognized directly in profit or loss.

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For the year ended 30 June 2020

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income or assets that are designated at fair value through profit or loss using fair value option, are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss is recognized in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Equity instrument financial assets are measured at fair value at and subsequent to initial recognition. Changes in fair value of these financial assets are normally recognized in profit or loss. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognized in profit or loss when the Company's / Fund's right to receive payment is established. Where an election is made to present fair value gains and losses on equity instruments in other comprehensive income there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment.

Financial assets are derecognized when the Company losses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial asset. Assets or liabilities that are not contractual in nature and that are created as a result of statutory requirements imposed by the Government are not the financial instruments of the Company / Fund.

4.2.4 Fair Value

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Fair value of financial assets is determined as follows:

a) Government securities

Fair value of government securities is determined at average rate obtained from PKRV rate sheet and quoted on Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan ("MUFAP") and such average rate based on remaining tenor of the security.

b) Debt securities

Fair value of debt securities, other than government securities, is determined on the basis of prices announced by the MUFAP in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan ("SECP") Circular No. 1 of 2009 and Circular 33 of 2012.

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For the year ended 30 June 2020

c) Listed shares

Fair value of listed shares is determined on basis of closing quoted market prices on the Pakistan Stock Exchange (PSX).

d) Mutual Fund Units

Fair value of mutual fund's units is determined with reference to the net asset value declared by the respective fund.

4.3 Revenue recognition

- a) Gains / losses arising on sale of investments are included in the income statement on the date at which the transaction takes place.
- b) Dividend income is recognized when the Fund's right to receive dividend is established. Dividend received on marketable securities acquired after the announcement of dividend till the book closure date is accounted for as reduction in the cost of investment.
- c) Interest income on government securities, treasury bills, bonds, TDRs and term finance certificates is recognized on an accrual basis using the effective interest rate method.
- Interest income on bank deposits and national saving schemes is recognized on accrual basis (effective interest rate method).

4.4 Financial Liabilities

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Financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Company / Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities at amortized cost are initially measured at fair value less transaction costs. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value and transaction costs are expensed on profit or loss.

Financial liabilities, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective yield method.

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender or substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange and modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in respective carrying amounts is recognized in profit or loss.

For the year ended 30 June 2020

4.5 Off setting of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset and financial liability is offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if the Company / Fund has a legally enforceable right to set off the transaction and also intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

4.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the statement of assets and liabilities at cost. Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand, term deposit receipts having maturity of three months or less and balances maintained with banks.

4.7 Provisions and contingencies

A provision is recognized in the statement of assets and liabilities when the Fund has legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and the reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

The Fund reviews the status of all pending litigations and claims against the Fund. Based on its judgment and the advice of the legal advisors for the estimated financial outcome, appropriate disclosure or provision is made. The actual outcome of these litigations and claims can have an effect on the carrying amounts of the liabilities recognized on the statement of assets and liabilities.

4.8 Impairment

Financial assets

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortized cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. Impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at fair value is determined by reference to that fair value. All impairment losses are recognized in income statement. An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the financial asset's carrying amount after the reversal does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to identify the circumstances indicating the occurrence of impairment loss or reversal of previous impairment losses. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of such asset is estimated and impairment loss is recognized in the income statement. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of such asset is increased to the revised recoverable amount. A reversal of the impairment loss is recognized in the income statement.

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For the year ended 30 June 2020

4.9 Foreign currency translation

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated to Pak Rupee at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of transaction. Assets and liabilities in foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange prevailing on the reporting date. All exchange gains/losses are taken to the income statement.

4.10 Transactions with related parties

The Fund enters into transaction with related parties on an arm's length basis. Prices for transactions with related parties are determined using admissible valuation methods.

4.11 Taxation

The income of the Fund is exempt from tax under Clause 57(3)(xii) of Part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance 2001, therefore no provision for taxation has been made in these financial statements.

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			2020		2019
		Trust	Expense	Fund - Total	Fund - Total
5 Cash and cash equivalents	Note		R	upees	
Cash in hand		•	40,000	40,000	40,000
Cash at banks					
- saving accounts	5.1	396,678,797	102,895,154	499,573,951	12,768,464,141
- current accounts		496,503	-	496,503	6,977,859,478
		397,175,300	102,895,154	500,070,454	19,746,323,619
		397,175,300	102,935,154	500,110,454	19,746,363,619

5.1 These carry interest at the rate of 4.50% to 14.00% per annum (30 June 2019: 5.65% to 13.00% per annum).

					2020		2019
				Trust	Expense	Fund - Total	Fund - Total
6	Inves	tments	Note			Rupees	
	At am	ortized cost	6.1	65,620,993,123		65,620,993,123	I raja ja
	Fair V	alue through OCI	6.2	2,801,153,500	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,801,153,500	33,183,330,774
	Fair V	alue through P&L	6.3	4,663,948,135	-	4,663,948,135	4,558,893,784
				73,086,094,758		73,086,094,758	37,742,224,558
	6.1	At amortized cost (Held to maturity)					
		Term Deposit Receipts National Savings Account	6.1.1	15,500,000,000		15,500,000,000	
		- Regular Income Certificates	6.1.2	14,500,000,000		14,500,000,000	
		National Savings Account					
		- Special Savings Account	6.1.3	18,608,098,244	THE REST	18,608,098,244	
		National Savings Account					
		- Defence Savings Certificates	6.1.4	17,012,894,879		17,012,894,879	•
				65,620,993,123		65,620,993,123	

- 6.1.1 Term Deposit Receipts (TDR') has been placed with different commercial banks with a tenure of 1 year and carries the intrest rate at the rate of 13% to 14.1% (30 June 2019: Nil) per annum receivable annually.
- 6.1.2 These comprise of Regular Income Certificates issued by National Savings under National Savings Scheme of Government of Pakistan. The total issue comprises of 1,450 certificates of Rs. 10 million each. These were purchased during the year with a maturity period of 5 years. These certificates are encashable any time subject to deduction of service charges. These carry fixed interest at the rate of 10.56% to12.96% (2019: 12.30%) per annum receivable monthly.
- 6.1.3 This represents deposits maintained in form of an account under National Savings Scheme of Government of Pakistan. These deposits have different issue dates, maturity dates and cash flows. These deposits have been made for a period of 3 years and principal and interest is reinvested after completion of 6 months. The amount can be withdrawn at par at any time after the date of its deposit. However, no profit is payable in case the withdrawals are made before completion of 6 months of deposit. These carry fixed interest at the rate 11.00% to 12.70% (2019: 6.60%) per annum receivable semi-annually.
- 6.1.4 These comprise of Defence Savings Certificates issued by National Savings under National Savings Scheme of Government of Pakistan. The total issue comprises of 15,500 certificates of Rs. 1 million each. These were purchased during the year with a maturity period of 10 years. These certificates are encashable at par at any time. However, no profit is payable if encashment is made before completion of one complete year. These carry fixed interest at the rate of 13.01% (2019: Nil) per annum receivable on maturity.

			1	rust	
		Carrying		Fair v	alue
5.2 Fair Value through OCI		2020	2019	2020	2019
	Note		Rı	upees	
Sovernment securities					
- Pakistan Investment Bonds	6.2.1	791,502,514	34,072,431,014	1,050,046,477	32,386,619,184
- Market Treasury Bills	6.2.2	378,731,344		378,894,580	•
Debt securities					
- Term Finance Certificates & Sukuks	6.2.3	1,396,670,856	802,385,428	1,372,212,443	796,711,590
		2,566,904,714	34,874,816,442	2,801,153,500	33,183,330,774
air value adjustment - net		234,248,786	(1,691,485,668)		
		2,801,153,500	33,183,330,774		
				rust	
		Carrying		Fair v	alue
5.3 Fair Value through P&L		2020	2019	2020	2019
	Note		R	upees	
Units of Mutual Funds	6.3.1	4,558,893,784	5,500,000,000	4,663,948,135	4,558,893,784
Units of Mutual Funds	6.3.1	4,558,893,784	5,500,000,000 5,500,000,000	4,663,948,135 4,663,948,135	4,558,893,784 4,558,893,784
Units of Mutual Funds Fair value adjustment - net	6.3.1				
	6.3.1	4,558,893,784	5,500,000,000		

				Face value		Balar	Balance as at 30 June 2020	020		
Issue date	Tenure - Years	As at 1 July 2019	Purchases during the year	Purchases during Encashed during the the year	As at 30 June 2020	Carrying value	Fair value	Appreciation from carrying value	Fair value as percentage of net assets	Fair value as percentage of total investments
	9			Rupees	Rupees					%
	2	000				2000				
31-Oct-06	20 - I cars	75,000,000			72,000,000	515,191,215	71,710,991	4,919,410	0.04%	0.04%
30-Aug-08	20 - Years	900,000,000	•	000,000,006					%00.0	%00.0
30-Aug-08	30 - Years	750,000,000	84	•	750,000,000	744,543,808	992,280,118	247,736,310	1.32%	1.36%
18-Aug-11	15 - Years	25,000,000			25,000,000	24,161,131	30,049,368	5,888,237	0.04%	0.04%
18-Aug-11	20 - Years	6,075,000,000		6,075,000,000	•	•	•		0.00%	%00.0
19-Jul-12	10 - Years	3,000,000,000		3,000,000,000		•	•	•	0.00%	0.00%
12-Jul-18	10 - Years	17,962,500,000		17,962,500,000		•			0.00%	%00.0
12~Jul-18	5 - Years	10,550,000,000		10,550,000,000			•		%00.0	%00'0
		39,287,500,000		38,487,500,000	800,000,000	791,502,514	1,050,046,477	258,543,963	1.40%	1.44%

- PIBs carry fixed interest at the rate ranging from 10.50% to 13.75% (30 June 2019: 8.00% to 13.75%) per annum receivable semi-annualy.

6.2.2 Government Securities - Market Treasury Bills ("T-Bills")

				Face value		Balar	Balance as at 30 June 2020	020	D. i	
Issue date	Tenure - Months	As at 1 July 2019		Purchases during Encashed during the the year	As at 30 June 2020	Carrying value	Fair	Appreciation from carrying value	rair value as percentage of net assets	rair value as percentage of total investments
					Rupees			:		%
18-Jul-19	3 Months	•	12,814,400,000	12,814,400,000	•					
10-Oct-19	3 Months		3,277,000,000	3,277,000,000						•
1-Nov-19	3 Months	٠	000,000,006	900,000,000					•	
5-Dec-19	3 Months		220,000,000	220,000,000					•	•
3-Feb-20	3 Months	•	250,000,000	250,000,000		•				•
0-Jan-20	3 Months	•	200,000,000	500,000,000			•		•	•
2-Mar-20	3 Months	•	375,000,000	375,000,000				•	•	•
3-Apr-20	3 Months	•	380,000,000		380,000,000	378,731,344	378,894,580	163,236	21%	25%
		•	18,716,400,000	18,336,400,000	380.000.000	378,731,344	378.894.580	163.236	20.60%	51.84%

- These bills were zero coupon and carried a yield of 8.2141% per annum (30 June 2019 :6.20% to 9.90% per annum)

6.2.3 Debt securities - Term Finance Certificates ("TFCs") & Sukuks

				Number of Certificates		3alan	3alance as at 30 June 2020	020	Fair value as	Fair value as
Name of issuer	Issue Date	As at 1 July 2019	Purchases during the year	during Matured/Redeemed	As at 30 June 2020	Carrying value	Fair value	Appreciation / (diminution) in carrying value	percentage of net assets	percentage of total investments
				Number of certificates			Rupees			%
WAPDA TFCs	27-Sep-13	100,000	•		100,000	107,142,856	104,891,677	(2,251,179)	0.14%	0.14%
Dawood Hercules	16-Nov-17	1,210			1,210	84,700,000	85,541,156	841,156	0.11%	0.12%
Dawood Hercules 2	1-Mar-18	3,000			3,000	240,000,000	244,373,760	4,373,760	0.33%	0.33%
BOP-PPTFC-2-										
Related Party	23-Apr-18	2,150			2,150	214,828,000	187,405,850	(27,422,150)	0.25%	0.26%
AKBL-PPTFC-VII	17-Mar-20		200		200	500,000,000	500,000,000		%290	%89.0
HUBCO SUKUK	19-Mar-20	•	2,500		2,500	250,000,000	250,000,000		0.33%	0.34%
000		106,360	3,000		109,360	1,396,670,856	1,372,212,443	(24,458,413)	1.83%	1.88%

-WAPDA TFCs have face value of Rs. 5,000 per certificate. The principal redemption of such TFCs is structured to be in fourteen equal semi-annual installments starting from 27 March 2015. These carry variable interest rate of 6 Month KIBOR plus 100 bps (30 June 2019: 6 Month KIBOR plus 100 bps) per annum receivable semi-annually. -Dawood Herrules Sukkuk have face value of Rs. 100,000 per certificate. The principal redemption of such Sukuks is structured to be in eight semi-annual installments starting from 16 May 2019. These carry variable interest rate of 3 Month KIBOR plus 100 bps (30 June 2019: 3 Month KIBOR plus 100 bps) per annum receivable quarterly.

Dawood Hereules Sukkuk 2 have face value of Rs. 100,000 per certificate. The principal redemption of such Sukuks is structured to be in eight semi-annual installments starting from 01 September 2019. These carry variable interest rate of 3 Month KIBOR plus 100 bps (30 June 2019: 3 Month KIBOR plus 100 bps) per annum receivable quarterly.

-BOP-PPTFC-2 (Related Party) have face value of Rs. 100,000 per certificate. The principal redemption of such PPTFCs is structured to be in twenty semi-annual installments starting from 23 October 2018. These carry variable interest rate of 6 Month

KIBOR plus 125 bps (30 June 2019; 6 Month KIBOR plus 125 bps) per annum receivable semi-annually.

-AKBL-PPTFC-VII have face value of Rs. 1,000,000 per certificate. The principal redemption of such PPTFCs is structured to be in forty quarterly installments starting from 17 June 2020. These carry variable interest rate of 3 Month KIBOR plus 120 bps

per annum receivable quarterly.

-HUBCO SUKUK have face value of Rs. 100,000 per certificate. The principal redemption of such Sukuks is structured to be in four equal semi-annual installments starting from 19 September 2022. These carry variable interest rate of 1 Year KIBOR plus 190 bps per annum receivable quarterly.

6.3 Fair Value through P&L

6.3.1 Units of Mutual Funds

		_	Number of Certificates			Balan	Balance as at 30 June 2020	120	Foir velue as	Fair value as
Name of issuer	As at 1 July 2019	Purchases during the year	Purchases during Bonus units received the year during the year	Disposed off during the year	As at 30 June 2020	Carrying value	Fair value	Appreciation / (diminution) in carrying value	percentage of net assets	percentage of total investments
	•		Number of certificates		-		Rupees			%%
NAFA Stock Fund	103,729,418			•	103,729,418	1,243,860,947	1,241,454,425	(2,406,522)	1.66%	1.70%
Al Ameen Shariah Stock Fund	5,431,409	•	58,504		5,489,913	594,793,606	656,374,007	61,580,401	0.88%	%06.0
UBL Stock Advantage Fund	11,096,316				11,096,316	636,484,687	667,665,335	31,180,648	%68.0	0.91%
National Investment (Unit) Trust	9,465,560		276,666		9,742,226	514,926,460	547,707,963	32,781,503	0.73%	0.75%
MCB Pakistan Stock Market Fund	11.794.969	•			11,794,969	935,443,668	907,391,693	(28,051,975)	1.21%	1.24%
Atlas Stock Market Fund	786,683		16,071	•	802,754	396,566,915	414,791,034	18,224,119	0.55%	0.57%
Lakson Equity Fund	2,600,039	•	•	•	2,600,039	236,817,501	228,563,678	(8,253,823)	0.30%	0.31%
	144,904,394		351.241		145,255,635	4,558,893,784	4,663,948,135	105,054,351	6.22%	6.38%

		30 June 2020		30 June 2019
	Trust	Expense	Fund - Total	Fund - Total
ccrued interest		Rupees	S	
nterest on bank account				98,368,660
erm Deposit Receipts	1,227,910,316		1,227,910,316	
ational Savings Account and Certificates	114,320,000		114,320,000	
akistan Investment Bonds	36,156,939	•	36,156,939	1,662,082,195
erm Finance Certificates and Sukuks	21,953,344	•	21,953,344	15,880,495
	1,400,340,599		1,400,340,599	1,776,331,350
eposits, prepayments & other receivables				
repaid rent		380,689	380,689	354,129
ecurity deposits				
- Central Depositary Company - Related Party	100,000	•	100,000	100,000
- Office building	1	780,000	180,000	780,000
Receivable from Punjab General Provident				
nvestment Fund - Related Party		4,610,590	4,610,590	4,597,320
	100,000	5,771,279	5,871,279	5,831,449

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Prepaid rent

Interest on bank account Term Deposit Receipts

Accrued interest

1

Pakistan Investment Bonds

- Office building Security deposits

•					2020			
. •		Cost				Depreciation		Written Down
	As at 01 July 2019	Additions during the year	As at 30 June 2020	Rate %	As at 01 July 2019	Charge for the year	As at 30 June 2020	Value as at 30 June 2020
		Rupees				Rupees -		
Assets								
Capital Work in Progress	•	000'969	696,000	0	•	•	•	000,969
Furniture and fittings	152,709	49,877	202,586	20	77,314	25,836	103,150	99,436
Office equipment	4,086,592	•	4,086,592	33.33	3,438,309	583,590	4,021,899	64,693
Motor vehicles	4,619,325	75,500	4,694,825	20	811,309	900,240	1,711,549	2,983,276
	8,858,626	821,377	9,680,003	, .	4,326,932	1,509,666	5,836,598	3,843,405
					2019			
		Cost				Depreciation		Written Down
	As at 01 July 2018	Additions during the year	As at 30 June 2019	Rate %	As at 01 July 2019	Charge for the year	As at 30 June 2019	Value as at 30 June 2019
		Rupees				Rupees		
Assets								
Furniture and fittings	98,870	53,839	152,709	20	62,366	14,948	77,314	75,395
Office equipment	4,086,592		4,086,592	33.33	2,524,623	913,686	3,438,309	648,283
Motor vehicles	321,558	4,297,767	4,619,325	20	195,688	615,620	811,309	3,808,016
	4,507,020	4,351,606	8,858,626	1 11	2,782,677	1,544,254	4,326,932	4,531,694
107	ı							

		-	30 June 2020		30 June 2019
		Trust	Expense	Fund - Total	Fund - Total
			Ruj	pees	
10	Accrued expenses				
				2 200 000	1 100 000
	Audit fee payable	and a second with the part of the way	2,200,000	2,200,000	1,100,000
	EOBI payable		24,630	24,630	431,580
	Salaries and wages payable		1,267,248	1,267,248	
	Utilities payable		202,299	202,299	204,569
	Security guard fee payable		49,879	49,879	-
	Others		959,580	959,580	56,663
			4,703,636	4,703,636	1,792,812

11 Contingencies and commitments

There were no contingencies and commitments as at 30 June 2020. (2019: Nil)

			30 June 2020		30 June 2019
		Trust	Expense	Fund - Total	Fund - Total
			Ruj	oees	
12	Operating expenses				
	Salaries and wages	<u>.</u>	37,436,205	37,436,205	28,357,686
	Rent		4,302,680	4,302,680	3,561,416
	Utilities		1,558,648	1,558,648	1,416,668
	Office and other expenses		1,110,491	1,110,491	1,325,775
	Repair and maintenance	_	699,761	699,761	543,515
	Vehicle running expenses		1,114,185	1,114,185	737,609
	Fee and subscription	•	2,161,284	2,161,284	2,737,474
	Depreciation on operating fixed assets		1,509,666	1,509,666	1,544,254
	Printing and stationery	<u>.</u>	578,120	578,120	434,998
	Travelling, lodging and boarding		304,728	304,728	328,696
	Advertisement		145,790	145,790	64,334
	EOBI expense	<u>.</u>	153,000	153,000	136,139
	Courier and postage	-	21,926	21,926	13,667
	Training and development		171,330	171,330	132,066
	Miscellaneous	-	134,278	134,278	187,601
			51,402,092	51,402,092	41,521,898
13	Auditor's remuneration				
	Statutory audit fee		550,000	550,000	550,000
	Half yearly review	-	330,000	330,000	330,000
	Compliance review	-	220,000	220,000	220,000
		-	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,100,000

14 Financial instruments

The Fund has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

The Management Committee has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of Fund's risk management framework. The Management Committee is also responsible for developing and monitoring the Fund's risk management policies.

This note presents information about the Fund's exposure to each of the above risks, the Fund's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk.

The Fund's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Fund to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to react to changes in market conditions and the Fund's activities.

14.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Fund, resulting in a financial loss to the Fund. At the year end it arises principally from debt securities held, term deposits, bank balances and profit/markup recoverable, etc. Out of the total financial assets of Rs. 74,992 million (2019: Rs. 59,270 million) financial assets which are subject to credit risk amount to Rs. 18,628 million (2019: Rs. 20,663 million).

14.1.1 Management of credit risk

The Fund's policy is to enter into financial contracts in accordance with the internal risk management policies and investment policies approved by the Investment Committee. The Fund does not expect to incur material credit losses on its financial assets. Investments in government securities is risk free. Investment is made in scheduled banks having a minimum Long Term rating of "AA-".

14.1.2 Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure before any credit enhancements. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is:

	Statement of asse	ets and liabilities
	2020	2019
	Rupees	Rupees
Bank balances	500,070,454	19,746,323,619
Investments - Fair value through OCI	1,372,212,443	796,711,590
Term deposit receipts	15,500,000,000	
Accrued interest on TDRs TFCs & Sukuks	1,249,863,660	15,880,495
Interest on Bank Accounts		98,368,660
Security deposits	880,000	880,000
Receivable from Punjab General Provident Investment		
Fund - Related Party	4,610,590	4,597,320
	18,627,637,147	20,662,761,684

Differences in the balances as per the statement of assets and liabilities and maximum exposure in investments is due to the fact that investments of Rs. 56,364 million (2019: Rs. 38,607 million) relates to investments in Government Securities & other assets which are not considered to carry credit risk.

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14.1.3 Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk exists when changes in economic or industry factors affect groups of counterparties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation to the Fund's total credit exposure. Around 75.16% (2019: 65.14%) of the Fund's financial assets are in Government securities which are not exposed to the credit risk, while the remaining portfolio of financial assets is broadly diversified and transactions are entered into with diverse credit-worthy counterparties having higher credit rating from the benchmark credit ratings as mentioned in Punjab Pension Fund Investment Policy, thereby mitigating any significant concentrations of credit risk.

Details of Fund's concentration of credit risk of financial instruments by industry distribution are as follows:

	202	0	201	9
	Rupees	Percentage	Rupees	Percentage
Commercial banks	17,227,980,770	92.49%	19,844,692,279	96.04%
Miscellaneous	1,399,656,377	7.51%	818,069,405	3.96%
	18,627,637,147	100%	20,662,761,684	100%

The credit quality of bank balances and investments in term finance certificates that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings or to historical information about counterparty default rate:

	•	Rating 2020		Amount
Bank Balances	Short Term	Long Term	Agency	Rs.
Bank of Punjab (Related Party)	A1+	AA	PACRA	124,105,659
Bank Alfalah Limited	A-1+	AA+	VIS	32,469
Bank Al-Habib Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	2,036
Allied Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	107,203
Askari Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	
Habib Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	VIS	10,170
Samba Bank Limited	A-1	AA	VIS	200,124,401
Soneri Bank Limited	A1+	AA-	PACRA	175,266,542
Sindh Bank Limited	A-1+	AA	VIS	42,857
United Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	VIS	-
Habib Metropolitan Bank	A1+	AA+	PACRA	244,019
JS Bank Limited	A1+	AA-	PACRA	92,253
Faysal Bank Limited	A-1+	AA	PACRA	42,845
MCB Bank Limited (formerly NIB				
Bank Limited)	A1	Α	PACRA	
				500,070,454
Term Deposit Receipts				
Faysal Bank Limited	A-1+	AA	PACRA	4,788,732,308
JS Bank Limited	A1+	AA-	PACRA	3,384,948,952
Samba Bank Limited	A-1	AA	VIS	2,067,366,662
Soneri Bank Limited	A1+	AA-	PACRA	3,806,989,598
The Bank of Punjab (Related Party)	A1+	AA+	PACRA	2,679,872,796
				16,727,910,316
Term Finance Certificates & Sukuks				
WAPDA-TFC		AAA	MUFAP	108,334,300
Dawood Hercules	T	AA	MUFAP	86,534,954
Dawood Hercules 2	-	AA	MUFAP	246,178,692
BOP-PPTFC-2 (Related Party)	-	AA-	MUFAP	191,253,384
AKBL-PPTFC-VII	-	AA	PACRA	501,791,233
HUBKO-SUKUK	-	AA+	PACRA	260,073,224
arox				1,394,165,787
				18,622,146,557

		Rating 2019		Amount
Bank Balances	Short Term	Long Term	Agency	Rs.
Bank of Punjab (Related Party)	A1+	AA	PACRA	4,547,730
Faysal Bank Limited	A-1+	AA	PACRA	52,719
Bank Alfalah Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	578,497
Bank Al-Habib Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	2,036
Allied Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	6,977,773,394
Askari Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	14,210
Habib Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	VIS	9,595
Samba Bank Limited	A1+	AA	VIS	1,061,288,363
Soneri Bank Limited	A-1	AA-	PACRA	3,537,063,092
Sindh Bank Limited	A-1	A+	VIS	31,926
United Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	VIS	22,327
Habib Metropolitan Bank	A-1+	AA+	PACRA	5,032,253,187
JS Bank Limited	A1+	AA-	PACRA	3,132,678,516
MCB Bank Limited (formerly NIB Bank Limited)	A1+	AAA	PACRA	8,027
				19,746,323,619
<u>Term Finance Certificates</u>				
WAPDA-TFC		AAA	MUFAP	183,096,061
Dawood Hercules	<u>.</u>	AA	MUFAP	110,280,707
Dawood Hercules 2		AA	MUFAP	302,822,466
BOP-PPTFC-2 (Related Party)		AA-	MUFAP	216,392,850
				812,592,084
				20,558,915,703

Due to the Fund's long standing business relationships with these counterparties and after giving due consideration to their strong financial standing, management does not expect non performance by these counter parties on their obligations to the Company. Accordingly, the credit risk is minimal.

Settlement risk

The Fund's activities may give rise to risk at the time of settlement of transactions. Settlement risk is the risk of loss due to the failure of an entity to honor its obligations to deliver cash, securities or other assets as contractually agreed on sale.

Management of risk

For the vast majority of transactions, the Fund mitigates this risk by conducting settlements through a broker or bank to ensure that a trade is settled only when both parties have fulfilled their contractual settlement obligations.

14.2 Liquidity risk

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Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its liabilities earlier than expected or difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial liabilities as they fall due.

14.2.1 Management of liquidity risk

The Fund's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions. For this purpose the Fund has effective cash management and planning policy to ensure availability of funds and to take appropriate measures for new requirements. All liabilities are payable in respect of expenses as approved the management committee in budget for the year.

14.2.2 Maturity analysis for financial liabilities

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as on:

			30 June 2020		
	Carrying amount	Six months or less	Six to twelve months	One to Two years	Two to five years
			Rupees		
Trustee fee payable	2,116,243	2,116,243			
Audit fee payable	2,200,000	2,200,000			
Other payables	2,503,636	2,503,636			
	6,819,879	6,819,879		_	
- 23/25/2			30 June 2019		
	Carrying amount	Six months or less	Six to twelve months	One to Two years	Two to five years
			Rupees		
Trustee fee payable	898,166	898,166	<u>.</u>		
Audit fee payable	1,100,000	1,100,000			
Other payable	692,812	692,812			
	2,690,978	2,690,978		-	

14.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, equity prices and foreign exchange rates will effect the Fund's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return on risk.

14.3.1 Management of market risks

The Fund manages market risk by monitoring exposure on marketable securities by following the internal risk management policies and investment guidelines approved by the Management Committee and regulations laid down by the Punjab Pension Fund Act 2007 and Punjab Pension Fund Rules 2007. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments equals their fair values.

The Fund is exposed to interest/markup rate risks only.

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14.3.2 Interest/markup rate risk

Interest / markup rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest / markup rates. Currently the Funds interest / markup rate exposure arises on investment in the Government securities, term finance certificates, deposit in national savings account, term deposit receipts with banks and balance with bank on saving account. Currently all of the Fund's investment carry fixed interest / markup rates except for investments in some of the Term Finance Certificates. In addition the Fund may change the mix of its portfolio to enhance the earning potential of the Fund subject to the above defined guidelines. Other risk management procedures are the same as those mentioned in the credit risk management.

14.3.2.1 At 30 June, details of the interest / markup rate profile of the Fund's interest / markup bearing financial assets were as follows:

		Financi	al assets	
	2020		2019)
	Interest/Markup rate	Fair value	Interest rate	Fair value
Fixed rate instruments	(in Percentage)	Rupees	(in Percentage)	Rupees
Pakistan Investment Bonds	10.50 to 13.75	1,050,046,477	8.00 to 13.75	32,386,619,184
Term Deposit Receipts	13.00 to 14.10	15,500,000,000	•	
National Savings Account	11.00 to 12.70	31,512,894,879	• 7	
Bank balances	6.00 to 6.90	499,573,951	5.65 to 13.00	12,768,464,141
		48,562,515,307		45,155,083,325
Variable rate instruments				
	3-6 month KIBOR + 100 bps, 6 month			
	KIBOR + 125 bps, 3 month KIBOR +120		3-6 month KIBOR +	
Term Finance Certificates			100 bps to 6 month	
and Sukuks	bps and 1 year KIBOR + 190 bps	1,372,212,443	KIBOR + 125 bps	796,711,590

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Fund does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect income statement.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

		Profit and loss	100 bps
		Increase	Decrease
14.3.2.2	As at 30 June 2020	Rupees	
	Cash flow sensitivity-Variable rate financial asset	13,722;124	(13,722,124)
	As at 30 June 2019		
	Cash flow sensitivity-Variable rate financial asset	7,967,116	(7,967,116)

None of the financial liabilities carry any interest rate.

The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on profit for the year and assets / liabilities of the Fund.

14.3.3 Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk) whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Fund is exposed to price risk as the Fund holds investments in PIBs amounting to Rs. 1,050 million.

Fair value sensitive analysis

The Fund has financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore a change in market price at the reporting date would affect income statement.

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Fair value measurement of financial instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement' requires the Fund to classify fair value measurements and fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements of fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1)
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) (level 2)
 - Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable) inputs (Level 3)

Transfer between levels of the fair value hierarchy are recognised at the end of the reporting period during which the changes have occurred.

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

			Carrying amount				Color		
	Fair value through P&L	Fair value through OCI	At amortized cost	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
As at 30 June 202 <u>0</u> Financial assets - measured at fair value					Rupees				
<u>Trust</u> Investments									
- government securities - debt securities		1,170,233,858 1,396,670,856			1,170,233,858	1.372.212.443	1,428,941,057	•	1,428,941,057
- mutual fund units	4,558,893,784		•	•	4,558,893,784	4,663,948,135	•		4,663,948,135
Financial assets - not measured at fair value									
Trust									
Investments									
- term deposit receipts			15,500,000,000		15,500,000,000				
- national saving scheme	•	•	50,120,993,123	•	50,120,993,123		,	•	
Cash equivalents		•	397,175,300		397,175,300		1	•	
Accrued Interest	•	•	1,400,340,599		1,400,340,599	•			•
Security deposits	•		100,000		100,000		•	•	
Expense									
Cash equivalents			102,895,154		102,895,154	•	1	•	
Security deposits			780,000		780,000				
	4,558,893,784	2,566,904,714	67,522,284,176	-	74,648,082,674	6,036,160,578	1,428,941,057	•	7,465,101,635
Financial liabilities - not measured at fair value									
<u>Irust</u>									
Trustee fee payable	•	•		2,116,243	2,116,243				
Expense Andit for months									
Audit Ice payable Other payable	•			2,200,000	2,200,000		•	•	•
				2,479,006	2,479,006			-	
Men		•		6,795,249	6,795,249	1		-	

Total Level 1 34,072,431,014 802,385,428 5,500,000,000 4,558,893, 19,653,778,277 1,775,227,694 100,000 92,545,342 780,000 61,897,547,755 \$5,355,605, 261,232 261,232			٥	Carrying amount	The state of the state of the			Fair value	ne	
5,500,000,000 82,343,428 - 34,072,431,014 - 34,072,431,01		Fair value through P&L	Fair value through OCI	At amortized cost	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
- 34,072,431,014 34,072,431,014 802,385,428	As at 30 June 2019					Kupees				!
- 34,072,431,014 - 802,385,428 802,385,428 5,500,000,000 - 19,653,778,277 19,653,778,277 19,653,778,277 1,775,527,694 92,545,342 92,545,342 92,545,342 780,000 - 780,000 - 780,000 - 780,000 - 1,100	Financial assets - measured at fair value									
- 34,072,431,014 34,072,431,014 34,072,431,014 802,385,428 802,385,428 796,711,590 5,500,000,000	<u>Trust</u> Investments							2		
5,500,000,000	- government securities - debt securities		34,072,431,014 802,385,428			34,072,431,014 802,385,428	- 796,711,590	32,386,619,184		32,386,619,184 796,711,590
19,653,778,277	-mutual fund units	5,500,000,000	•			5,500,000,000	4,558,893,784			4,558,893,784
ed interest - - 19,653,778,277 - 19,653,778,277 - - 1,775,527,694 - - 1,775,527,694 - - 100,000 - 100,000 - - 100,000 - - 100,000 - - 100,000 - - 100,000 - - 780,000 - - 780,000 - - 780,000 - - 780,000 - - 780,000 - - 780,000 - - 780,000 - - 780,000 - - 780,000 - - 780,000 - - - 780,000 - - 780,000 - - 780,000 - - 780,000 - - 780,000 - - 780,500 - - 780,500 - - 780,500 - - 780,500 - - 780,500 - - 780,500 - - 780,500 - - - 780,500 - - 780,500 - -	rinanciai asseis - noi measurea ai Jair vaiue									
1,775,277,694	<u>Trust</u> Cash & cash eauivalents			19 653 778 277		770 871 853 11				
100,000 100,	Accrued interest			1,775,527,694	•	1,775,527,694				
State Stat	Security deposits			100,000		100,000			•	
try deposits 92,545,342 - 92,545,342 - 780,000 - 7	Expense									
try deposits 5,500,000,000 34,874,816,442 21,522,731,313 - 61,897,547,755 5,355,605,374 cial liabilities – not measured at fair value e fee payable	Cash equivalents		•	92,545,342		92,545,342				
cial liabilities - not measured at fair value 5,500,000,000 34,874,816,442 21,522,731,313 - 61,897,547,755 5,355,605,374 se fee payable - 898,166 898,166 - fee payable - 1,100,000 1,100,000 - payable - 261,232 261,232 -	Security deposits	•	•	780,000	•	780,000				
cial liabilities - not measured at fair value - 898,166 898,166 se fee payable - 1,100,000 1,100,000 fee payable - 261,232 261,232 payable - 260,200 2,50,00		5,500,000,000	34,874,816,442	21,522,731,313		61,897,547,755	5,355,605,374	32,386,619,184	•	37,742,224,558
re fee payable - 898,166 898,166 898,166 898,166 re payable - 1,100,000 1,100,000 re payable - 261,232 2,261,232 re payable re payab	Financial liabilities - not measured at fair value									
ble - 1,100,000 1,100,000 - 261,232 261,232 - 261,232 261,232	<u>Trusi</u> Trustee fee payable				898,166	898,166	•			•
ble - 1,100,000 1,100,000 - 261,232 261,232 261,232 - 261,232 261,232	Expense									
7.02*1.07 7.02*1.07 0.00.03* 0	Audit fee payable Other payable				1,100,000	1,100,000		ı	•	
					2,259,398	2,259,398		. .		



Transaction and balances with related parties

The related parties comprise entities controlled and owned by the Government of Punjab, custodian of assets, members of Management Committee, companies where Management Committee members also hold directorship and key management employees. The Fund in the normal course of business carries out transactions with related parties. Details of transactions with and amounts due to / (from) related parties are as follows:

Name of Parties	Relationship	Transactions		30 June 2020		30 June 2019
			Trust	Expense	Fund - Total	Fund - Total
				Kupees -		
Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited	Trustee	Fee for the year	11,917,484		11,917,484	10.569.754
Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited	Trustee	Custody Fee	6,215		6,215	7,345
Bank of Punjab	Under Common Control	Income on term deposit receipts realised during the year	179,872,796		179,872,796	118,849,315
Bank of Punjab	Under Common Control	Income on savings account realised during the year	90,321,409	9,349,185	99,670,594	60,235,282
General Manager	Key Management Personnel	Salary paid to General Manager	1	10,394,665	10,394,665	14,700,000
Management Committee	Management Committee	Meeting Fee paid to members	I	2,124,000	2,124,000	1,103,000
Balances with						
Central Depositary Company of Pakistan Limited	Trustee	Fee payable	2,116,243	ř	2,116,243	898,166
Bank of Punjab	Under Common Control	Bank balances	21,210,505	102,895,154	124,105,659	102,916,391
Bank of Punjab	Under Common Control	Term Deposit Receipts	2,500,000,000	•	2,500,000,000	•
Bank of Punjab	Under Common Control	Term Finance Certificates	215,000,000		215,000,000	211,314,405
Punjab General Provident Investment Fund GNL	Under Common	Receivable from PGPIF	ī	4,610,590	4,610,590	

17 Number of Employees

The following are the number of persons employed

	2020	2019
	(Number	of Persons)
Employees as at the year end	17	17
Average number of employees during the year	17	17

18 Date of authorization for issue

These financial statements were authorized for issue on <u>December 05, 2022</u> by the Management Committee of the Fund.

19 General

19.1 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupees.

19.2 Corresponding figures have been re-arranged or reclassified, where ever considered necessary, for the purpose of better presentation of the financial statements. However, no significant reclassification has been made in these financial statements.

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Lahore

General Manager

Private Member

Chairman